## Wireless E-911 Services Board

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## **FCC** Action

- Original Notice of Proposed Rule Making 94-102
- First Report and Order 96-264 September 1996
- Two additional Report and Orders
- Three Memorandum of Opinion and Order

# FCC 94-102 Required

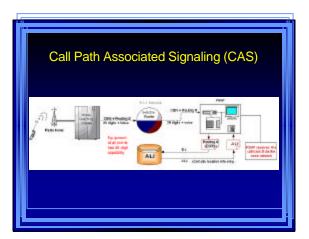
- Complete all calls to 911 regardless of billing.
- Phase I Call back number Cell site location.
- Phase II Actual location of caller within margin for error

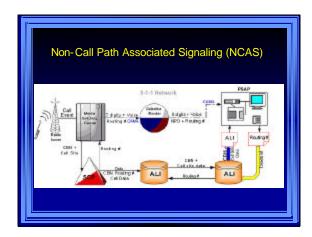
# **FCC** Requirements

- PSAP must make a request to the CMRS provider.
- PSAP must be able to use the data.
  - Richardson, Texas
- A cost recovery mechanism must be in place for the PSAP.
- Phase I must be provided within 6 months of a request by the PSAP.

#### Phase I

- Two methods for data provision:
  - Call path Associated Signaling (CAS) The voice call and the call back number data follow the same path.
  - Non-Call path Associated Signaling (NCAS) – The the call back number data follows a different path than the voice call to get to the PSAP.





# Phase II - Location Technology

- Handset based solution
  - GPS
- Network based solution
  - Time Distance of Arrival
  - Angle of Arrival
  - RF Fingerprinting
- Hybrid solution

# Phase II - Accuracy Requirements

- Handset Based Solution
  - 50 meters / 67% of the calls
  - 150 meters / 95% of the calls
- Network Based Solution
  - 100 meters / 67% of the calls
  - 300 meters / 95% of the calls

#### Phase II - Timeline

- Announce Technology by November 9
- Handset based
  - Begin selling by October 2001 (regardless of request).
  - 25% of new by December 31, 2001.

  - 50% by June 30, 2002. 100% by December 31, 2002.
  - Full penetration (95%) by December 31, 2005.
- Network based
  - 50% of area in 6 months of request.
  - 100% within 18 months.

# Virginia Legislative History

- 1998 House Bill1331 establishes the Wireless Fund and creates the first Board.
- 1998 House Joint Resolution 215 directed the Crime Commission to study Enhanced 9-1-1.
- 1999 Budget amendment directs 9 jurisdictions to begin taking wireless 9-1-1 calls.
- 2000 Senate Bill 148 restructures program.
- 2001 House Bill 1611 excludes localities with less than 50% wireless coverage and no wireline surcharge from requirement to implement E-911.

#### House Bill 1331

- Established a \$0.75 surcharge on wireless telephone bills.
- Established Wireless E-911 Services Board.
- Allowed PSAPs and CMRS Providers to seek "reasonable" and "direct" costs for the provision of wireless E-911 Phase I and II.
- Required "true-up" process

## Senate Bill 148

- Expanded the membership of the Board and changed Chairman.
- Established deadlines for the provision of statewide wireline E-911 and wireless 911.
- Gave responsibility for wireline funding to Wireless Board.
- Established a subcommittee to review CMRS submissions (FIOA exemption).

## Senate Bill 148 (continued)

- Created the Division of Public Safety Communications.
- Staff for the Board Technical assistance to
- Capped the wireline surcharge at \$3.00.
- Requires yearly reporting to General Assembly.
- \$1.4 million appropriation for wireline.

# **Board Membership**

- N. Jerry Simonoff Chairman Jim McDonnell Vice-Chairman PSAP Rep. Bill Landsidle Treasurer

- FSAF Rep.
  Terry Hall
  EMS Rep.
  Melvin Breeden
  Local Financial Officer Rep.
  Chief Henry Stanley
  Police Chief Rep.
- Julian Taliaferro Fire Chief Rep.
- Sheriff Rep.
- Captain John Furlough State Police Rep.
- State Police Rej Ralph Jones DEM Rep. Robert Woltz LEC Rep. Edward Coglio PCS Rep. Dave Apperson Cellular Rep.

#### **Board Actions**

- Established PSAP Guidelines for FY00/FY01/FY02.
  - 22 PSAPs submitted requests in FY00 totaling approximately \$4.4 million.
  - 35 PSAPs submitted requests in FY01 totaling approximately \$5.6 million.
  - 64 PSAPs submitted requests in FY02 totaling approximately \$8 million.
- Conducted FY2000 True-up.

# Board Action (continued)

- Established Guidelines for CMRS submissions.
  - Most based on capitation rate (\$0.15 \$0.304)
  - Non-recurring as well as recurring.
  - Submit certified subscriber count each quarter to Chair of payment.
- Specific information about the submission was confidential and could not be shared with the Board.

## Board Action (continued)

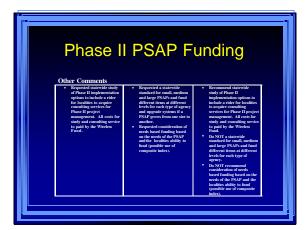
- Provided two status reports to the General Assembly.
- Heard presentations from every major wireless provider on Phase I status and Phase II plans. Will consider action at June 13th meeting.
- Currently considering Phase II guidelines for Phase II funding.

Phase II PSAP Funding						
Mapping						
Aerial     Photography     (Initial effort)	Wireless percentage of cost or higher amount for start up such as composite index or fixed amount.	100% of cost - Should be conducted in a statewide program.	Composite index or Statewide program (whichever is more economical).			
Aerial     Photography     (Repeated)	No funding.	Wireless percentage of cost.	No funding unless statewide program.			
Street     Centerline     (Initial effort)	Wireless percentage of cost or higher amount for start up such as composite index or fixed amount.	100% of cost - Should be conducted in a statewide program.	Composite index or Statewide program (whichever is more economical).			
Street     Centerline     (On-going)	No funding.	Wireless percentage of cost.	No funding.			
Building and Parcels (Initial effort)	No funding.	100% - Should be conducted in a statewide program.	No funding.			
Building and Parcels (On-going)	No funding.	Wireless percentage of cost.	No funding.			
PSAP     Personnel for     Maintenance	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost or 100% for first year of start-up.	Wireless percentage of cost.			
Addressing     Equipment	Not discussed.	Not discussed.	Wireless percentage of cost.			



Phase II PSAP Funding					
Display System (Continued)					
CAD-based (Interface)	100% of cost of interface.	100% of cost of interface.	100% of cost of interface.		
CAD-based (Addition of Mapping)	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).		
CAD-based (Entirely new CAD system)	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	100% of the cost of the interface and mapping components only (if it cannot be split out of the cost of the system, then no funding provided)	100% of the cost of the interface and mapping components plus the wireles percentage of the rest of the cost of the system.		
<ul> <li>CAD-based (Replacement of entire CAD system)</li> </ul>	Wireless percentage of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	Wireless percentage of the cost of the interface and mapping components only.	Wireless percentage of the cost of the interface and mapping components only.		
CAD-based (Maintenance)	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost.	No funding.		

Display System	(Continued)		
Separate system (Initial purchase)	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).	100% of total cost to implement (conflation, hardware, installation).
Separate system (Replacement)	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost.
Separate system (Maintenance)	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost.	Wireless percentage of cost.
Service Provider based	100% of total cost.	100% of total cost.	100% of total cost if no other use than wireless E-911.



# Future Challenges PBX systems. Automatic Collision Notification (ACN). Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC). Number Portability (LNP & GNP). Voice over IP (challenge and opportunity).